



## Why Do You Suffer from Rheumatism? Sweet's Serpentaria Compound Will Do for You What it Has Done for Thousands of Others

IT IS THE MOST WONDERFUL PREPARATION EVER  
MADE FOR THE PURPOSE. CONTAINS NO INJURIOUS  
DRUGS. FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

**PRICE \$1.00**

Manufactured by The Sweet Laboratories Co.,  
Columbus, Ohio.

## PRESENT PROSPERITY IS DUE TO THE WAR, DECLARES FAIRBANKS

Republican Nominee for Vice  
President Asks Return to  
Protective Tariff.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 7.—Assertions that the United States is enjoying only a transient prosperity based upon the temporary necessities of war and that with the end of the European conflict stored goods from European factories will come down upon our industries "as the flood upon the city of Jericho," were made by Charles W. Fairbanks, Republican candidate for vice president, in an address here tonight. Mr. Fairbanks made a plea for the election of Charles Evans Hughes and pledged a tariff that would "prevent ruin."

The address was said by Mr. Fairbanks' associates to be the most important of his western tour. It was called the "big tariff speech" by members of the Fairbanks party.

**Tariff Wall Necessary.**  
Coming to an emphasized address Mr. Fairbanks said:

"The Republican party has always believed that it is as essential to erect barriers against commercial invasion at the hands of those who are armed with the unfair weapons of a chosen human factor in production, as to prepare forts, fleets and armies against a possible foe possessing, in better preparedness, an undue advantage in combat."

"The Republican party has realized and exemplified in legislation, the idea that surrender to the foreign producer of the American home market, which, under Republican policies has become incomparably the richest in the world, inevitably involves one of two things: the lowering of our productive costs, including labor costs to European and oriental level, or the extinction of American industry."

"The essential difference between the Democratic and Republican parties today, as it was in Lincoln's day, is that of their underlying attitude toward productive enterprise and employment. The Republican party has always believed in that policy which visibly has produced here national independence—the best possible preparedness either for war or peace—which has resulted in the rapid development of war resources and the reservation to the American people of the wealth accruing from them—the most active spirit of industrial and commercial enterprise that has been at work anywhere in the world; the greatest diffused prosperity ever experienced by any nation in all history despite the fact that throughout an entire half century of Republican policies we have been freely dividing our wealth with the poverty of millions of empty-handed Europeans who have pressed to our shores for no other reason than that here they may find better rewards and broader opportunities."

**Increase in Wealth.**  
"In the single decade between 1900 and 1910 the increase alone in the wealth of this country was greater than the aggregated accretions of the countries in the prosperous empire of Germany. And this was achieved, not through taking advantage of the misfortunes of a world at war, but in the normal and healthful activities of peace; it was the prosperity of achievement and not of accident."

"The greatest possible measure of social justice is the general profitable, permanent employment of productive labor. This is possible only through the general profitable and permanent employment of productive labor. It is when employment is most general that the wage worker finds it easiest to get recognition of his demands for better pay, hours and conditions. Underlying whatever is undertaken through private or public means to better the status of the toiler, must be as the only assurance of permanency, a stable state of manufacturing activity, agricultural prosperity and commercial confidence, based upon the knowledge that the activities at the time are based upon the wise provisions of real statesmen."

(Political Advertisement.)

## FLORENCE A. WATTLES

A Noted Lecturer from Indiana  
Will deliver her famous lecture on  
Equal Suffrage and Socialism at the  
court house  
Sunday Afternoon, October 8th, at  
2:30 P. M.

Miss Wattles comes to Clarksburg most highly recommended. She is one of the most eloquent, witty and brilliant women orators appearing on the platform. She is entertaining and keeps her audience at a high pitch of enthusiasm. Her subject and arguments appeals to the people.

Everybody invited, members of the equal suffrage organization, anti-suffragists and members of the W. C. T. U. are especially invited.

The National Socialist campaign committee has placed Miss Wattles in West Virginia for several lectures, largely in the interests of the equal suffrage cause.

Be sure and hear her.

## GOVERNOR

(Continued from page 9, first section.)

nary expenditures for buildings and lands, was just a little more than twice the direct levy of 1897. West Virginia's present direct levy of five and one-half cents for state purposes is only \$100,000 more than the direct levy in 1897 for state purposes.

**Valuations Compared.**  
Let us compare the assessed valuation of properties in the state in 1897—the last year of Democratic administration—with that of 1915. The assessed valuation of real estate in 1897 was \$148,123,000, but this year it is \$891,446,000, an increase of a little over four times the assessment of 1897. It will be noted that real estate assessments have been increased less proportionately under the new tax laws than either of the other two assessable properties, public service corporations and personal property.

**Corporations Pay.**  
The assessed valuation of personal property in 1897 was \$43,960,000. In 1915 its assessed valuation is represented in an amount of \$274,157,000, or a little bit more than six times over the assessed valuation of 1897, but where the great increase comes, and where it should come, is on account of the special privileges enjoyed by those industries—is with the public service corporations of the state, which in 1897 were assessed at \$27,323,000 as compared with the assessed valuation of 1915, which is represented by \$320,966,000, or a little bit less than twelve times the assessed valuation of 1897.

And if you will look up the records you will find that the increased valuations of real estate have taken place largely in the industrial communities, where coal is king; and the record will further show that in the period of 1897 the assessed valuations of these industrial sections were represented in an amount averaging fifty cents to two dollars and fifty cents on the acre of valuable mineral properties.

It is therefore easily determined, in the face of all the figures and facts I have shown, taken from the records as found in the tax commissioner's office, the source of the revenue that has been necessary to develop our state, and there it has come from largely under the new tax laws adopted in 1904. And it is easy to understand and to know where the burden of the responsibility of raising revenue would be placed if we were to go back to that period of time when the old tax laws were in operation, which are the principles that Mr. Cornwell advocates today just the same as he did when he opposed the Dawson tax laws in 1904.

And why has all of this expenditure been made yearly for the people, to relieve the crowded condition of the institutions that I have heretofore discussed. The Weston asylum or hospital was promised a congregate dining room fifteen or sixteen years ago, to take the place of the thirty-six dining rooms that have proved to be such a burden and expense. But all those years the state of West Virginia has not had sufficient money available to take care of this needed improvement, and it fell to my lot as governor to take care of this situation. Today a congregate dining room costing something near \$100,000 has been completed, and more room will be available in the Weston hospital when the thirty-six dining rooms are turned into wards for the care of patients, thereby saving the construction of an additional building. I could cite the other demands at these institutions, but time forbids and your patience will not permit.

We have heard much discussion as to the increased valuation of real estate under the new method of assessment. It is true that values have been increased, but a more equitable valuation is guaranteed, bringing about greater uniformity, if such is possible under the direct method of taxation. But fortunately for us, the direct method of raising revenue for state purposes will soon be a thing of the past if we hold on to what we now have in the way of taxation principles.

**More Equitable Valuation.**  
We find the startling fact that with the increased assessed valuation the direct levy for 1897 was twenty-five cents on the \$100 for state purposes, which rate for 1916 raised \$647,000, an amount only \$100,000 in excess of that raised under the old method when the population of our state was only 800,000 as compared with nearly a million and a half of people at the present time, with an increased student body in educational institutions of more than 2,000 over that of 1897; an increase of double the number of inmates in our asylums now over 1897; with an addition of nine public institutions since that year; together with the department of agriculture, which was created for the benefit of the farmers; the board of control, which had for its purpose the taking care of our institutions in a business-like way; the labor department, the department of health, the tax commissioner's office, the workmen's compensation commission, the public service commission, and an increase in the membership of the supreme court. Yet, notwithstanding all this great progress, our per capita cost in 1897 was \$1.98, as compared with \$2.75 in 1915. No state in the union has such a record for economic administration of government affairs as our own state, and I challenge Mr. Cornwell or anyone else to name one.

**How Should Stop.**  
This bowl of extravagance should be stopped, as every public spirited man should arise above such petty politics, unless it could be specifically pointed out that such a condition did actually exist. But this has been the chief stock in trade in every campaign since my boyhood days. On the trees, the barns and through and along the highways you will find figures representing fabulous sums which are supposed to represent the so-called extravagance participated in by the party in power. This has no tendency whatever toward better government, but to the contrary, the tendency is to parsimony and to lower the standard of our institutions on account of the inadequate sums with which to properly support them.

When you hear the demagogue speaking of extravagance ask him to be specific. Then investigate for yourself, find out by comparison with other states, ascertain their expenditures, and compare with any department named or institutions mentioned and find out whether or not misrepresentation has been made. This is a good way to determine how much West Virginia is getting out of every dollar expended.

**Road Bond Taxes.**  
If West Virginia citizens are paying a high tax it is on account of their local government and not from excessive burdens imposed by the state.

The respective counties of this state have voted in more than \$12,000,000 bonds for road purposes in the last three years. I here give a tabulated statement of these bond issues as they affect the respective counties:

Barbour county	\$ 130,000
Brooke	800,000
Cabell	900,000
Doddridge	375,000
Fayette	1,400,000
Greenbrier	245,500
Hancock	505,000
Harrison	300,000
Kanawha	635,000
Loyal	200,000
Marion	1,450,000
Marshall	150,000
Mercer	850,000
Mineral	275,000
Monongalia	300,000
McDowell	458,000
Pleasants	60,000
Preston	444,000
Putnam	90,000
Raleigh	835,000
Randolph	220,000
Ritchie	240,000
Roane	448,000
Summers	250,000
Weaver	390,000
Wood	460,000
Wyoming	550,000

Many of the counties in the same period have voted in school bonds for the purpose of erecting high schools and bettering school conditions in general. I submit it to the candid consideration of the citizens of the state, that if West Virginians are paying a high rate of taxation it is because of their local government, and that they brought about this rate of taxation by their own voice and with their own vote, by adopting these bond issues for different purposes, such as schools, roads, and in some instances court houses and jails. This assertion is substantiated by the fact that your per capita cost for state government is \$2.75, and for local and district government is more than \$8.

**Wishes State Greatness.**

I have given in a brief way a review of the state's affairs as a public official of eight years experience, four years as a state senator and nearly four years as governor. I have gone back to the beginning of our statehood and have come up to the present time and refreshed your minds as to the real situation, and as to the real progress that has been made. I have served the people during this period with all the energy I have, faithfully, loyally and honestly. I shall leave the office of governor on March 4 without having obligations or designs upon anyone in political life, without any hope of reward, without any recourse, feeling deeply grateful to all—with no rancor for those who have opposed me during the many trying ordeals that have confronted me and with the feeling that as Father Time glides along, unfolding and bringing more vividly before the citizens of this state what I have here said, will be proved true. I believe many who have not agreed with me will conclude that my efforts were not in vain or directed in the wrong way, but were for the purpose of bringing about a bigger and better manhood and womanhood in our commonwealth. We will have greater opportunities in the way of educational facilities, and thoroughness which will permit the farmer to conduct his products to market when it will be most beneficial, as well as for the tourist who can admire the beauties of our wonderful hills and valleys, no where in the world surpassed for beauty and grandeur.

If I can only be spared to live to see the day when our state's development will reach its zenith and when the remotest corners can be explored by the tourist, I shall feel that the strenuous and turbulent days I have spent in public life, from which I am soon to take my departure to return to my profession, marked an effort not in vain.

## INSTITUTE OF FARMERS AT SALEM NEXT

Splendid Program is to Be  
Carried Out by Them October 11 and 12.

SALEM, Oct. 7.—The Harrison-Doddridge County Farmer's Institute will hold its annual session in the basement of the First Baptist church in this city Wednesday and Thursday, October 11 and 12. The institute has been able through the extension department of Morgantown to procure the following instructors:

E. A. Tuckwiler, of Lewisburg; C. R. Wagner, of Arlington, O.; and Dr. Mary E. Anderson, of Clinton, O., who will have charge of the women's department. County Agent W. D. Zinn will also be here to assist in the institute. Following is the program:

**Wednesday Morning, 10 a. m.**  
President's address—D. L. Perline.  
Address—Mayor T. F. Kemper.  
Care as a Factor in Live Stock Farming—C. R. Wagner.  
Crops for Hogs—E. A. Tuckwiler.  
Rural Sanitation—Mary E. Anderson.

**Afternoon, 1:30 O'clock.**  
Sheep on West Virginia Farms—C. R. Wagner.  
Growing Beef Cattle—E. A. Tuckwiler.  
Some Rural Problems—Mary E. Anderson.

**Evening, 7:30.**  
A More Thorough Acquaintance—C. R. Wagner.

**Thursday Morning.**  
Factors in a Profitable Corn Crop—C. R. Wagner.

**Wintering Beef Cattle—E. A. Tuckwiler.**  
Some Common Diseases, Their Prevention or Control—Mary E. Anderson.

**Afternoon.**  
Soil Management in Practical Agriculture—C. R. Wagner.

## "SHOT FULL OF PEPPER" Is The Exclusive "United" Overcoat Design—



Copyright 1916  
The United Woolen Mills Company

ESTABLISHED 1902  
ALL SUITS \$17 No MORE  
ALL OVERCOATS \$17 No LESS  
MADE TO ORDER MADE TO FIT  
COAT AND TROUSERS \$15

The United Woolen Mills Co.

W. A. HERSCH, President.

314 W. PIKE STREET

culture—C. R. Wagner.

Silos and Silage—E. A. Tuckwiler.  
The Care of the Child—Mary E. Anderson.

Several cash prizes will be given for the best display of farm products and a large attendance is anticipated. There will be three prizes given for each product listed below, \$1 first, fifty cents second and twenty-five cents third:

Ten best ears yellow dent corn, ten best ears white corn, best peck of potatoes, best half bushel of apples, the heaviest pumpkin, best pound home made butter, best display made by a member of girls' canning club, best man's working shirt made by girl under 16 years.

All contestants must have their products in by 12 o'clock of the first day of the meeting.

**Purchases Shop.**  
A. E. Sutton, of Weston, took over the blacksmith shop of Varner and Lyons on Valley street last week. Mr. Sutton will enlarge the business by adding automobile repairing. He will move here with his family.

**Factories to Resume.**  
Preparations are being made for the operation of the three window glass factories and the opening date for the resumption is October 25, necessary repairs having been made and the outlook is for an active season to be experienced in the glass industry. The McBride lamp chimney factory has been in operation for several weeks.

**Republican Club Opens.**  
The Tenth district Hughes Republican club has opened headquarters in the Coffman building and an attractive banner now designates the location. The rooms are centrally located and will be open to visitors at all times. The club members are active, and at the last meeting Thursday night much business pertaining to the club organization was transacted and an enthusiastic and inspiring speech was delivered at the public school auditorium by Ira L. Swiger, Republican candidate for county assessor.

**Attend Meeting.**  
A large delegation of local Republicans and independent voters attended the Longworth speaking and Republican rally at Clarksburg Saturday night, returning on the early Sunday morning train.

**Democratic Invasion.**  
There has been an invasion of Tenth district territory the last week of Democratic aspirants for office and about every section was covered, but it has served a good purpose as it has put the local Republicans on their metal and stirred their valiant and patriotic spirit of resistance, and the counter attacks are having a splendid result in rallying the voters to a loyal support of the Republican party ticket.

**Personals.**  
James K. Bingham, who has spent several months in Oklahoma oil fields contracting, returned to Salem this week.  
Henry Schmick recently returned from mte West, and has sold his Penn avenue residence to J. R. Donnelly. He will remove with his family to Tulsa, Okla.

E. W. Willis, connected with the city water system, spent the greater part of the week at Wheeling and Bridgeport, O., on business, returning Friday.

**SPIDER HAS FISH HABITS**  
YET IS AT HOME ON LAND

LONDON, Oct. 7.—A spider has been discovered in the fresh water ponds and ditches of the British isles that possesses all the habits of a fish and yet breathes in air the same as land spiders do. This queer arachnid weaves a sort of web or sack, carries it to some reed or root to serve as its home. In a series of trips to the surface he carries down each time a bit of air which it deposits in the sack. When the sack is full it enters it and enjoys a quiet life as long as the supply of air lasts.

**QUICK, WATSON, LET'S**  
GET A "LINE" ON THIS

JESSAMINE, Ky., Oct. 7.—Mrs. Matilda McWilliams, of Wilmore, went to bed with \$200 in a purse tied around her neck. When she awoke the following morning the money was missing.

An examination of the doors and windows showed that no one had entered the room, as the doors were locked and the screens over the windows had not been molested. The family is baffled over the disappearance of the cash.

We're  
Prepared

with the season's new  
styles — live models  
for young men who  
want "snap" and  
wish to keep in step  
fort shapes for the  
man who thinks first  
of foot ease. Let us  
prepare you for fall  
and winter.

Get your feet into a pair of our Shoes—many  
classy models and correct shapes in black and tan  
—easy fitting, stylish and serviceable. Look in  
our windows, make your selection now—our stock  
is complete.

**SPEARS SHOE CO.**  
FOURTH STREET

## BOSOM FRIENDS



to you are we when it comes to laundering shirts to please the most exacting. With or without frills, we launder everything without the wear and tear that you have to put up with elsewhere. Collars, cuffs, shirts, lingerie, gowns, waists—in short, everything can be reposed to our painstaking care.

Clarksburg Laundry Co.  
100 West Pike Street.